


Brookland Junior Online Safety Policy - 2025/26



Introduction

Key people / dates

Brookland Junior School 	Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL), with lead responsibility for filtering and monitoring	Jenny Aylen (Head Teacher) Supported by Riaz Khan (AHT) and Kiran Yadav (Technician)
	Deputy Designated Safeguarding Leads / DSL Team Members	Cara Christie
	Link governor for safeguarding	Laura Pincus (Chair of Governors)
	Curriculum leads with relevance to online safeguarding and their role	Riaz Khan (Computing) Cara Christie (PSHE)
	Network manager / other technical support	Kiran Yadav (Technician) Andy Badger (Inspire Tech Company)
	Date this policy was reviewed and by whom	3/10/25 by Riaz Khan
	Date of next review and by whom	3/10/26 by Riaz Khan and Kiran Yadav

What is this policy?

Online safety is an integral part of safeguarding and requires a whole school, cross-curricular approach and collaboration between key school leads. Accordingly, this policy is written in line with ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education’ 2025 (KCSIE), ‘Teaching Online Safety in Schools’, statutory RSHE guidance and other statutory documents. It is cross-curricular (with relevance beyond Relationships, Health and Sex Education, Citizenship and Computing) and designed to sit alongside or be integrated into your school’s statutory Child Protection & Safeguarding Policy. Any issues and concerns with online safety must always follow the school’s safeguarding and child protection procedures.

Who is it for; when is it reviewed?

This policy should be a living document, subject to full annual review but also amended where necessary during the year in response to developments in the school and local area. Although many aspects will be informed by legislation and regulations, we will involve staff, governors, pupils and parents in writing and reviewing the policy and make sure the policy makes sense and it is possible to follow it in all respects. This will help ensure all stakeholders understand the rules that are in place and why, and that the policy affects day-to-day practice. Pupils could help to design a version in language their peers

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understand or help you to audit compliance. Acceptable Use Policies (see appendices) for different stakeholders help with this – ensure these are reviewed alongside this overarching policy. Any changes to this policy should be immediately disseminated to all the above stakeholders.

Who is in charge of online safety?

KCSIE makes clear that “the designated safeguarding lead should take **lead** responsibility for safeguarding and child protection (including online safety).” The DSL can delegate activities but not the responsibility for this area and whilst subject leads, e.g. for RSHE will plan the curriculum for their area, it is important that this ties into a whole-school approach.

What are the main online safety risks in 2024/2025?

Current School Online Safeguarding Trends

In our school over the past year, we have particularly noticed the following in terms of device use and abuse and types of online/device-based incidents which affect the wellbeing and safeguarding of our students:

- Reduced incidents as a result of a text and talk only phone policy
- Reduced use of WhatsApp incidents with Year 6 cohorts, however, still incidents of poor social behaviour from Y6 pupils who are unsupervised on WhatsApp still occur
- Increased screen time (particularly through gaming and YouTube)
- Parental attendance at online safety meetings much improved
- Time for parents and children to share in and talk about their online behaviour and habits is limited (Online Survey July 2023)

Current National Online Safeguarding Trends

Nationally, some of the latest trends of the past twelve months are outlined below. These are reflected in this policy and the acceptable use agreements we use and seen in the context of the 5 Cs (see KCSIE for more details), a whole-school contextual safeguarding approach that incorporates policy and practice for curriculum, safeguarding and technical teams.

Self-generative artificial intelligence has become rapidly more accessible, with many students often having unfettered access to tools that generate text and images at home or in school. These tools not only represent a challenge in terms of accuracy when young people are genuinely looking for information (gen AI can be responsible for incorrect and sometime harmful information), but also in terms of plagiarism for teachers and above all safety - none of the mainstream tools have end-user safety settings, most have an age limit of 13 or even 18 and in spite of basic rude words not delivering results, will easily produce inappropriate material. Schools not only need to tackle this in terms of what comes into school but also educating young people and their parents on use of these tools in the home. Self-generative AI has also made it easier than ever to create sexualised images and deepfake videos. Whilst they may not

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be real, they have a devastating effect on a young person's emotional wellbeing and physical safety, and can also be used to blackmail, humiliate and abuse. The Internet Watch Foundation has reported AI-generated imagery of child sexual abuse progressing at such a worrying rate.

Ofcom's 'Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2024' has shown that YouTube remains the most used site or app among all under 18s and the reach of WhatsApp, TikTok and Snapchat increased yet further (especially with the minimum age for use of WhatsApp now 13). With children aged 3 - 17 spending an average 3 hours 5 minutes per day online, four in ten parents report finding it hard to control their child's screentime. Notably, 45% of 8-11s feel that their parents' screentime is too high, underlining the importance of modelling good behaviour.

Given the 13+ minimum age requirement on most social media platforms, it is notable that half (51%) of children under 13 use them. Despite age restrictions, four in ten admit to giving a fake age online, exposing them to content inappropriate for their age and increasing their risk of harm, with over a third (36%) of parents of all 3-17s saying they would allow their child to have a profile on sites or apps before they had reached the minimum age.

As a school we recognise that many of our children and young people are on these apps regardless of age limits, which are often misunderstood or ignored. We therefore will remind about best practice while remembering the reality for most of our students is quite different.

This is striking when you consider that 25% of 3-4 year olds have access to their OWN mobile phone (let alone shared devices), rising to over 90 percent by the end of Primary School, and the vast majority have no safety controls or limitations to prevent harm or access to inappropriate material. At the same time, even 3- to 6-year-olds are being tricked into 'self-generated' sexual content (Internet Watch Foundation Annual Report) while considered to be safely using devices in the home and the 7-10-year-old age group remains the fastest growing for this form of child sexual abuse material.

How will this policy be communicated?

This policy will be communicated in the following ways:

- Posted on the school website
- Part of school induction process for all new staff and in our school handbook (including temporary, non-classroom-based staff and those starting mid-year)
- Integral to safeguarding updates and training for all staff (especially in September safeguarding INSET)
- Clearly reflected in the Acceptable Use Policies (AUPs) for staff, volunteers, governors, pupils and parents/carers (which must be in accessible language appropriate to these groups), which will be issued to whole school community, on entry to the school, annually and whenever changed.

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Overview

Aims

This policy aims to promote a whole school approach to online safety by:

- Setting out expectations for all Brookland Junior School community members' online behaviour, attitudes and activities and use of digital technology (including when devices are offline)
- Helping safeguarding and senior leadership teams to have a better understanding and awareness of all elements of online safeguarding through effective collaboration and communication with technical colleagues (e.g. for filtering and monitoring), curriculum leads (e.g. RSHE) and beyond.
- Helping all stakeholders to recognise that online/digital behaviour standards (including social media activity) must be upheld beyond the confines of the school gates and school day, regardless of device or platform, and that the same standards of behaviour apply online and offline.
- Facilitating the safe, responsible, respectful and positive use of technology to support teaching & learning, increase attainment and prepare children and young people for the risks and opportunities of today's and tomorrow's digital world, to survive and thrive online
- Helping school staff working with children to understand their roles and responsibilities to work safely and responsibly with technology and the online world:
 - for the protection and benefit of the children and young people in their care, and
 - for their own protection, minimising misplaced or malicious allegations and to better understand their own standards and practice
 - for the benefit of the school, supporting the school ethos, aims and objectives, and protecting the reputation of the school and profession
- Establishing clear structures by which online misdemeanours will be treated, and procedures to follow where there are doubts or concerns (with reference to other school policies such as Behaviour Policy or Anti-Bullying Policy)

Further Help and Support

Internal school channels should always be followed first for reporting and support, as documented in school policy documents, especially in response to incidents, which should be reported in line with your Child Protection & Safeguarding Policy. The DSL will handle referrals to local authority multi-agency safeguarding hubs (MASH) and normally the headteacher will handle referrals to the LA designated officer (LADO). The local authority, academy trust or third-party support organisations you work with may also have advisors to offer general support.

Beyond this, [reporting.lgfl.net](https://www.reporting.lgfl.net) has a list of curated links to external support and helplines for both pupils and staff, including the Professionals' Online-Safety Helpline from the UK Safer Internet Centre and the NSPCC Report Abuse Helpline for sexual harassment or abuse, as well as hotlines for hate crime,

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terrorism and fraud which might be useful to share with parents, and anonymous support for children and young people. Training is also available via safetraining.lgfl.net

Scope

This policy applies to all members of the Brookland Junior community (including teaching, supply and support staff, governors, volunteers, contractors, students/pupils, parents/carers, visitors and community users) who have access to our digital technology, networks and systems, whether on-site or remotely, and at any time, or who use technology in their school role.

Roles and responsibilities

This school is a community, and all members have a duty to behave respectfully online and offline, to use technology for teaching and learning and to prepare for life after school, and to immediately report any concerns or inappropriate behaviour, to protect staff, pupils, families and the reputation of the school. We learn together, make honest mistakes together and support each other in a world that is online and offline at the same time.

Depending on their role, all members of the school community should **read the relevant section in Annex A of this document** that describes individual roles and responsibilities. Please note there is one for All Staff which must be read even by those who have a named role in another section. There are also pupil, governor, etc role descriptions in the annex. All staff have a key role to play in feeding back on potential issues.

Education and curriculum

It is important that schools establish a carefully sequenced curriculum for online safety that builds on what pupils have already learned and identifies subject content that is appropriate for their stage of development.

As well as teaching about the underpinning knowledge and behaviours that can help pupils navigate the online world safely and confidently regardless of the device, platform or app. Teaching about online safety and harms is embedded through a whole school approach and provides an understanding of these risks to help tailor teaching and support to the specific needs of pupils, including vulnerable pupils.

The following subjects have the clearest online safety links (see the relevant role descriptors above for more information):

- PSHE and Relationships education, relationships and sex education (RSE) and health (also known as RSHE)
- Computing

However, as stated in the role descriptors above, it is the role of all staff to identify opportunities to thread online safety through all school activities, both outside the classroom and within the curriculum,

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supporting curriculum/stage/subject leads, and making the most of unexpected learning opportunities as they arise (which have a unique value for pupils)

Whenever overseeing the use of technology (devices, the internet, generative AI tools, etc.) in school or setting as homework tasks, all staff should remind/encourage sensible use, monitor what pupils/students are doing and consider potential risks and the age appropriateness of tasks.

Equally, all staff should carefully supervise and guide pupils when engaged in learning activities involving online technology (including, extra-curricular, extended school activities if relevant and remote teaching), supporting them with search skills, critical thinking (e.g. disinformation, misinformation and fake news), age appropriate materials and signposting, and legal issues such as copyright and data law.

At Brookland Junior, we recognise that online safety and broader digital resilience must be thread throughout the curriculum (see computing curriculum map). This is reviewed and updated annually and updated on the website.

<https://primarysite-prod-sorted.s3.amazonaws.com/brooklandjuniorschoollondon/UploadedDocument/aa6110f2-39f1-4daa-bd72-1ba78ebe2a14/computing-overview.pdf>

Handling safeguarding concerns and incidents

It is vital that all staff recognise that online safety is a part of safeguarding (as well as being a curriculum strand of Computing, PSHE/RSHE and Citizenship).

General concerns must be handled in the same way as any other safeguarding concern; safeguarding is often referred to as a jigsaw puzzle, so all stakeholders should err on the side of talking to the online-safety lead / designated safeguarding lead to contribute to the overall picture or highlight what might not yet be a problem.

Support staff will often have a unique insight and opportunity to find out about issues first in communal areas outside the classroom.

School procedures for dealing with online safety will be mostly detailed in the following policies

- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- Child-on-Child Abuse Policy
- Anti-Bullying Policy
- Behaviour Policy
- Acceptable Use Policies
- Prevent Policy
- GDPR Policy

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This school commits to take all reasonable precautions to ensure safeguarding pupils online, but recognises that incidents will occur both inside school and outside school (and that those from outside school will continue to impact pupils when they come into school or during extended periods away from school). All members of the school are encouraged to report issues swiftly to allow us to deal with them quickly and sensitively through the school's escalation processes.

Any suspected online risk should be reported to the online safety lead / designated safeguarding lead on the same day. The reporting member of staff will ensure that a record is made on CPOMs. Any concerns about monitoring and filtering must be reported to the DSL team immediately.

Any concern/allegation about staff misuse is always referred directly to the Headteacher, unless the concern is about the Headteacher in which case the complaint is referred to the Chair of Governors and the LADO (Local Authority's Designated Officer). Staff may also use the NSPCC Whistleblowing Helpline.

The school will actively seek support from other agencies as needed (i.e. the local authority, LGfL, UK Safer Internet Centre's Professionals' Online Safety Helpline (POSH), NCA CEOP, Prevent Officer, Police, IWF and Harmful Sexual Behaviour Support Service). The DfE guidance [Behaviour in Schools, advice for headteachers and school staff](#) September 2024 provides advice and related legal duties including support for pupils and powers of staff when responding to incidents – see pages 31-33 for guidance on child on child sexual violence and harassment, behaviour incidents online and mobile phones.

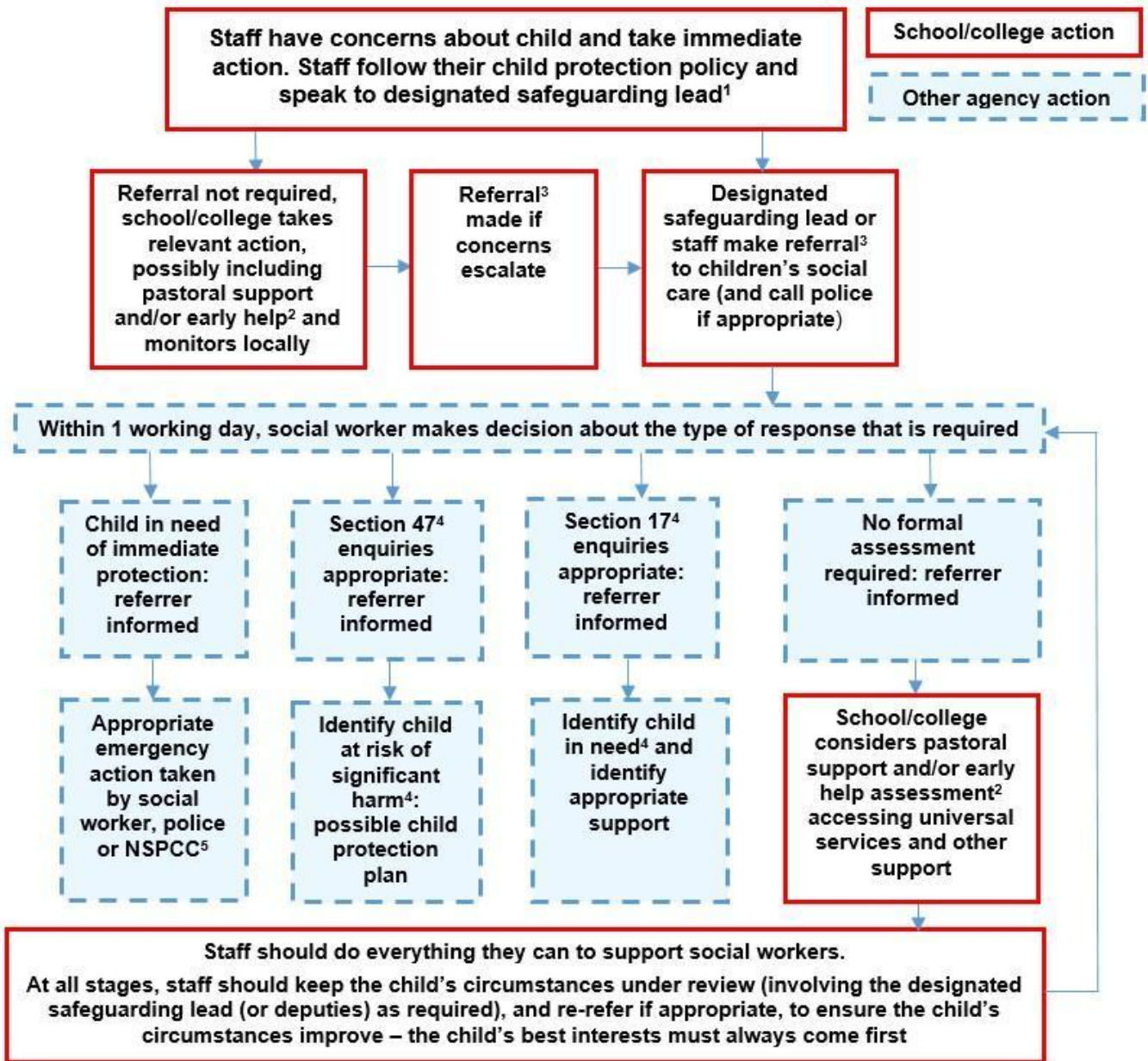
We will inform parents/carers of online-safety incidents involving their children, and the Police where staff or pupils engage in or are subject to behaviour which we consider is particularly concerning or breaks the law (particular procedures are in place for sexting and upskirting; see section below).

The school should ensure all online safety reporting procedures are sustainable for any unforeseen period of closure.

Actions where there are concerns about a child

The following flow chart is taken from page 22 of Keeping Children Safe in Education 2025 as the key education safeguarding document. As outlined previously, online safety concerns are no different to any other safeguarding concern.

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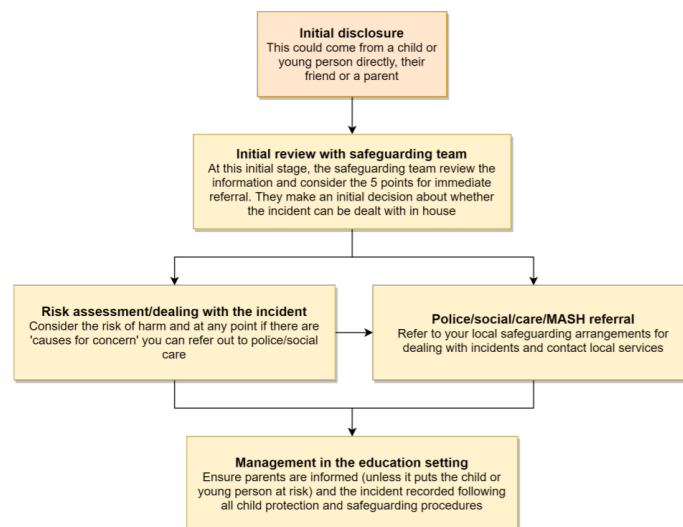
Nudes – sharing nudes and semi-nudes

All schools (regardless of phase) should refer to the UK Council for Internet Safety (UKCIS) guidance on sexting - now referred to as [Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings](#).

It is important that everyone understands that whilst the sharing of nudes involving children is illegal, students should be encouraged and supported to talk to members of staff if they have made a mistake or had a problem in this area. The UKCIS guidance seeks to avoid unnecessary criminalisation of children.

There is a one-page overview called [Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: how to respond to an incident](#) for all staff (not just classroom-based staff) to read, in recognition of the fact that it is mostly someone other than the designated safeguarding lead (DSL) or online safety lead to first become aware of an incident, and it is vital that the correct steps are taken. **Staff must not attempt to view, share or delete the image or ask anyone else to do so, but to go straight to the DSL.**

The school DSL will in turn use the full guidance document, [Sharing nudes and semi-nudes – advice for educational settings](#) to decide next steps and whether other agencies need to be involved.



*Consider the 5 points for immediate referral at initial review:

1. The incident involves an adult
2. There is reason to believe that a child or young person has been coerced, blackmailed or groomed, or there are concerns about their capacity to consent (for example, owing to special educational needs)
3. What you know about the images or videos suggests the content depicts sexual acts which are unusual for the young person's developmental stage, or are violent
4. The images involves sexual acts and any pupil in the images or videos is under 13
5. You have reason to believe a child or young person is at immediate risk of harm owing to the sharing of nudes and semi-nudes, for example, they are presenting as suicidal or self-harming

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Bullying

Online bullying, including incidents that take place outside school or from home should be treated like any other form of bullying and the school bullying policy should be followed for online bullying, which may also be referred to as cyberbullying, including issues arising from banter.

<https://primarysite-prod-sorted.s3.amazonaws.com/brooklandjuniorschoollondon/UploadedDocument/93a3fd6a-c6d8-4bd1-890a-76baee661909/anti-bullying-policy-june-2022.pdf>

It is important to be aware that in there has been an increase in anecdotal reports of fights being filmed and fake profiles being used to bully children in the name of others. When considering bullying, staff will be reminded of these issues.

Child-on-child sexual violence and sexual harassment

Any incident of sexual harassment or violence (online or offline) should be reported to the DSL who will follow the full guidance. Staff should work to foster a zero-tolerance culture and maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here'. The guidance stresses that schools must take all forms of sexual violence and harassment seriously, explaining how it exists on a continuum and that behaviours incorrectly viewed as 'low level' are treated seriously and not allowed to perpetuate.

In the online environment, the recent proliferation of misogynistic content is particularly relevant when it comes to considering reasons for and how to combat this kind of behaviour. Brookland Junior School will address any incidents by direct teaching of Brookland School Values as well as British Values. A culture of mutual respect and tolerance is promoted at all times. When incidents do occur, the school's behaviour policy will be applied.

Misuse of school technology (devices, systems, networks or platforms)

Clear and well communicated rules and procedures are essential to govern pupil and adult use of school networks, connections, internet connectivity and devices, cloud platforms and social media (both when on school site and outside of school). These are defined in the relevant Acceptable Use Policy for pupils.

Where pupils contravene these rules, the school behaviour policy will be applied; where staff contravenes these rules, action will be taken as outlined in the staff code of conduct.

It will be necessary to reinforce these as usual at the beginning of any school year but also to remind pupils that **the same applies for any home learning** that may take place.

Further to these steps, the school reserves the right to withdraw – temporarily or permanently – any or all access to such technology, or the right to bring devices onto school property.

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Social media incidents

Social media incidents involving pupils are often safeguarding concerns and should be treated as such and staff should follow the safeguarding policy. Other policies that govern these types of incidents are the school's Acceptable Use Policies.

Breaches will be dealt with in line with the school behaviour policy (for pupils) or code of conduct (for staff). See the social media section later in this document for rules and expectations of behaviour for children and adults.

Further to this, where an incident relates to an inappropriate, upsetting, violent or abusive social media post by a member of the school community (e.g. parent or visitor), Brookland Junior will request that the post be deleted and will expect this to be actioned promptly.

Where an offending post has been made by a third party, the school may report it to the platform it is hosted on, and may contact the Professionals' Online Safety Helpline, POSH, (run by the UK Safer Internet Centre) for support or help to accelerate this process.

Extremism

The school has obligations relating to radicalisation and all forms of extremism under the Prevent Duty. Staff will not support or promote extremist organisations, messages or individuals, give them a voice or opportunity to visit the school, nor browse, download or send material that is considered offensive or of an extremist nature. We ask for parents' support in this also, especially relating to social media, where extremism and hate speech can be widespread on certain platforms.

Understanding Misinformation and Disinformatio

Children should be aware that not everything they see online is true. *Misinformation* is when false information is shared by someone who believes it to be true, while *disinformation* is when false information is shared on purpose to mislead others. Pupils will be taught how to question what they read online, check sources, and talk to a trusted adult if they're unsure about something they've seen.

Data protection and cybersecurity

All pupils, staff, governors, volunteers, contractors and parents are bound by the school's GDPR protection policy which can be found here.

<https://primarysite-prod-sorted.s3.amazonaws.com/brooklandjuniorschoollondon/UploadedDocument/e3568268-89e5-4793-bd8b-ed2d833f0804/gdpr-policy-2023.pdf>

It is important to remember that there is a close relationship between both data protection and cybersecurity and a school's ability to effectively safeguard children. Schools are reminded of this in KCSIE which also refers to the DfE Standards of Cybersecurity for schools and colleges.

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Schools should remember that data protection does not prevent, or limit, the sharing of information for the purposes of keeping children safe. As outlined in *Data protection in schools, 2023*, “It’s not usually necessary to ask for consent to share personal information for the purposes of safeguarding a child.” And in KCSIE 2025, “The Data Protection Act 2018 and UK GDPR do not prevent the sharing of information for the purposes of keeping children safe. Fears about sharing information must not be allowed to stand in the way of the need to safeguard and promote the welfare and protect the safety of children.”

Appropriate filtering and monitoring

The designated safeguarding lead (DSL) Jenny Ayles/Riaz Khan has lead responsibility for filtering and monitoring and works closely with our technician, Kiran Yadav as well as our technical support company (Inspire IT support) to implement the DfE filtering and monitoring standards, which require schools to:

Schools are also asked to follow the new DfE filtering and monitoring standards, which require them to:

- identify and assign roles and responsibilities to manage filtering and monitoring systems
- review filtering and monitoring provision at least annually
- block harmful and inappropriate content without unreasonably impacting teaching and learning
- have effective monitoring strategies in place that meet their safeguarding needs

We look to provide ‘appropriate filtering and monitoring (as outlined in Keeping Children Safe in Education) at all times.

ALL STAFF need to be aware of the changes and renewed emphasis and play their part in feeding back about areas of concern, potential for students to bypass systems and any potential overblocking. They can submit concerns by speaking to one of the safeguarding team promptly and directly and will be asked each for feedback at the time of our monitoring and filtering checks. Staff will be reminded of the systems in place and their responsibilities at induction and start of year safeguarding as well as via AUPs and regular training reminders in the light of the annual review and regular checks that will be carried out.

Technical and safeguarding colleagues work together closely to carry out annual reviews and check and also to ensure that the school responds to issues and integrates with the curriculum.

We carry out termly checks to ensure all systems are in operation, functioning as expected, etc and an annual review as part of an online safety audit of strategy. We use templates from LGfL for this documentation.

Safe Search is enforced on any accessible search engines on all devices.

At Brookland Junior School, we use:

- web filtering is provided by LGfL on school site

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- For school devices loaned out and used in the home families and pupils are expected to abide by the AUPs and the loan agreement. Use of devices are to be monitored by parents/carers for school use only. Sophos anti-virus is on all loaned laptops. Laptops are set up and managed by the school and have limited functionality (e.g. no downloads). iPads also have limited functionality and managed via Meraki.
- changes can be made by Kiran Yadav and Inspire, external technicians
- overall responsibility is held by the DSL, Jenny Aylen (Head Teacher) with support from Riaz Khan (Computing Lead/AHT and Kiran Yadav).
- technical support and advice, setup and configuration are from Andy Badger, Inspire Ltd
- regular checks are made half termly by Kiran Yadav to ensure filtering is still active and functioning everywhere. These are evidenced by LGFL Webscreen
- an annual review is carried out as part of the online safety audit

According to the DfE standards, “a variety of monitoring strategies may be required to minimise safeguarding risks on internet connected devices and may include:

- physically monitoring by staff watching screens of users
- live supervision by staff on a console with device management software
- network monitoring using log files of internet traffic and web access
- individual device monitoring through software or third-party services

At Brookland Junior we use LGFL Web Filtering which can be monitored via WebScreen. Here we can review and generate a range of filtering and monitoring reports. Filtering of iPads is managed via Meraki

Messaging/commenting systems (incl. email, learning platforms & more)

Authorised systems

- Pupils at this school communicate with each other and with staff using MS Teams within designated teacher controlled and supervised Teams. Pupils cannot message other pupils or teachers directly but they can upload, post, comment and reply on their allocated Team wall. Pupils can upload and comment on Class Dojo, this is monitored by their own parents and the class teacher. Uploading of work can be completed on both Class Dojo and MS Teams.
- Staff at this school use the email system provided by LGFL for all school emails. They never use a personal/private email account (or other messaging platform) to communicate with children or parents, or to colleagues when relating to school/child data, using a non-school-administered system. Staff are permitted to use this email system to communicate with different adult stakeholders and agencies (e.g. parents, governors, other colleagues and external agencies).
- Staff at this school use Class Dojo and MS Teams to communicate with parents
- Arbor is our official emailing and messaging system

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Any systems above are centrally managed and administered by the school or authorised IT partner (i.e. they can be monitored/audited/viewed centrally; are not private or linked to private accounts). This is for the mutual protection and privacy of all staff, pupils and parents, supporting safeguarding best-practice, protecting children against abuse, staff against potential allegations and in line with UK data protection legislation.

Use of any new platform with communication facilities or any child login or storing school/child data must be approved in advance by the school and centrally managed by the school technician and computing lead. The office administration team and Business Manager also has control over management of data.

Any unauthorised attempt to use a different system may be a safeguarding concern or disciplinary matter and should be notified to the DSL (if by a child) or to the Headteacher (if by a staff member).

Where devices have multiple accounts for the same app, mistakes can happen, such as an email being sent from or data being uploaded to the wrong account. If this a private account is used for communication or to store data by mistake, the DSL/Headteacher/DPO (the particular circumstances of the incident will determine whose remit this is) should be informed immediately.

Behaviour / usage principles

- More detail for all the points below are given in the [Social media](#) section of this policy as well as the school's acceptable use agreements, behaviour policy and staff code of conduct.
- Appropriate behaviour is expected at all times, and the system should not be used to send inappropriate materials or language which is or could be construed as bullying, aggressive, rude, insulting, illegal or otherwise inappropriate, or which (for staff) might bring the school into disrepute or compromise the professionalism of staff.
- Data protection principles will be followed at all times when it comes to all school communications, in line with the school Data Protection Policy (see School Website and policies) and only using the authorised systems mentioned above.
- Staff should be aware that all use is monitored, their emails may be read and the same rules of appropriate behaviour apply at all times. Staff email is not for personal use. Emails using inappropriate language, images, malware or to adult sites may be blocked and not arrive at their intended destination (and will be dealt with according to the appropriate policy and procedure).

Use of generative AI

We acknowledge that generative AI platforms (e.g. ChatGPT or Bard for text creation or the use of Co-Pilot or Adobe Firefly to create images and videos) are becoming widespread. We are aware of and follow the [DfE's guidance](#) on this. In particular:

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- Where appropriate we will talk about the use of these tools with pupils, staff and parents – their practical use as well as their ethical pros and cons
- We are aware that there will be use of these apps and exposure to AI creations on devices at home for some students – these experiences may be both positive/creative and also negative (inappropriate data use, misinformation, bullying, deepfakes, undressing apps).
- In school, do not currently promote use of AI with our pupils learning or class work.
- Staff have been directed to using Microsoft Copilot to assist with elements of planning (for example creating a word bank for a creative writing piece) and adapting tasks for different pupil needs (EAL, SEND)
- Any further staff use of AI must be discussed with the SLT team before use.
- We do not encourage our pupils to use AI for their class work
- Staff have been part of AI training and will continue to be updated and upskilled in AI whilst taking into account the benefits and risks.

As artificial intelligence (AI) becomes more common in education, schools must ensure that any AI-based tools used by pupils are safe and appropriate. In line with *Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE 2025)*, all AI tools should be subject to filtering and monitoring to prevent exposure to harmful or misleading content. Staff must remain the “human in the loop” by supervising AI use and ensuring moderation features are enabled.

Online storage or learning platforms

All the principles outlined above also apply to any system to which you log in online to conduct school business, whether it is to simply store files or data (an online ‘drive’) or collaborate, learn, teach, etc.

At Brookland Junior this includes:

One Drive
0365
Microsoft Teams
Google Drive
Arbor

Brookland Junior has a clear GDPR policy which staff, governors and volunteers must follow at all times.

School website

The school website is a key public-facing information portal for the school community (both existing and prospective stakeholders) with a key reputational value. The Headteacher and Governors have delegated the day-to-day responsibility of updating the content of the website and ensuring compliance with DfE stipulations to Riaz Khan, Computing Lead or Cara Christie DHT.

The site is managed by / hosted by Juniper Education and Primary Site

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Where staff submit information for the website, they are asked to remember that schools have the same duty as any person or organisation to respect and uphold copyright law – schools have been fined thousands of pounds for copyright breaches. Sources must always be credited and material only used with permission. There are many open-access libraries of public-domain images/sounds etc that can be used. Finding something on Google or YouTube does not mean that copyright has been respected. If in doubt, check with Riaz Khan, Computing Lead.

Digital images and video

When a pupil/student joins the school, parents/carers are asked if they give consent for their child's image to be captured in photographs or videos, for what purpose (beyond internal assessment, which does not require express consent) and for how long. Parents answer as follows:

- For displays around the school
- For the newsletter
- Class Dojo
- For use in paper-based school marketing
- For online prospectus or websites
- The school website
- A specific high-profile image for display or publication
-

Whenever a photo or video is taken/made, the member of staff taking it will check the Media Permissions form before using it for any purpose.

Any pupils shown in public facing materials are never identified with more than first name (and photo file names/tags do not include full names to avoid accidentally sharing them).

All staff are governed by their contract of employment and the school's Acceptable Use Policy, which covers the use of mobile phones/personal equipment for taking pictures of pupils, and where these are stored. At Brookland Junior no member of staff will ever use their personal phone to capture photos or videos of pupils.

Photos may be stored on school iPads, staff profiles, staff shared, Class Dojo or Teams in line with the retention schedule of the school Data Protection Policy.

Staff and parents are reminded annually about the importance of not sharing without permission, due to reasons of child protection (e.g. looked-after children often have restrictions for their own protection), data protection, religious or cultural reasons, or simply for reasons of personal privacy.

We encourage young people to think about their online reputation and digital footprint, so we should be good adult role models by not oversharing (or providing embarrassment in later life – and it is not for us to judge what is embarrassing or not).

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Pupils are taught about how images can be manipulated in their online safety education programme and also taught to consider how to publish for a wide range of audiences which might include governors, parents or younger children

Pupils are advised to be very careful about placing any personal photos on social media. They are taught to understand the need to maintain privacy settings so as not to make public, personal information.

Pupils are taught that they should not post images or videos of others without their permission. We teach them about the risks associated with providing information with images (including the name of the file), that reveals the identity of others and their location. We teach them about the need to keep their data secure and what to do if they / or a friend are subject to bullying or abuse.

Social media

Our SM presence

Online Reputation Management (ORM) is about understanding and managing our digital footprint (everything that can be seen or read about the school online). Few parents will apply for a school place without first Googling the school, and the Ofsted pre-inspection check includes monitoring what is being said online.

Negative coverage almost always causes some level of disruption. Up to half of all cases dealt with by the Professionals Online Safety Helpline (POSH: helpline@saferinternet.org.uk) involve schools' (and staff members') online reputation.

Accordingly, we manage and monitor our social media footprint carefully to know what is being said about the school and to respond to criticism and praise in a fair, responsible manner even there are no official/active school social media accounts.

Staff, pupils' and parents' SM presence

Social media (including all apps, sites and games that allow sharing and interaction between users) is a fact of modern life, and as a school, we accept that many parents, staff and pupils will use it. However, as stated in the acceptable use policies which all members of the school community sign, we expect everybody to behave in a positive manner, engaging respectfully with the school and each other on social media, in the same way as they would face to face.

This positive behaviour can be summarised as not making any posts which are or could be construed as bullying, aggressive, rude, insulting, illegal or otherwise inappropriate, or which might bring the school or (particularly for staff) teaching profession into disrepute. This applies both to public pages and to private posts, e.g. parent chats, pages or groups.

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If parents have a concern about the school, we would urge them to contact us directly and in private to resolve the matter. If an issue cannot be resolved in this way, the school complaints procedure should be followed. Sharing complaints on social media is unlikely to help resolve the matter, but can cause upset to staff, pupils and parents, also undermining staff morale and the reputation of the school (which is important for the pupils we serve).

Many social media platforms have a minimum age of 13 (note that WhatsApp is 16+), but the school will still deal with any issues arising on social media involving pupils/students under the age of 13. We ask parents to respect age ratings on social media platforms wherever possible and not encourage or condone underage use. It is worth noting that Online Harms regulation is likely to require more stringent age verification measures over the coming years.

However, the school has to strike a difficult balance of not encouraging underage use at the same time as needing to acknowledge reality in order to best help our pupils/students to avoid or cope with issues if they arise. Online safety lessons will look at social media and other online behaviour, how to be a good friend online and how to report bullying, misuse, intimidation or abuse. However, children will often learn most from the models of behaviour they see and experience, which will often be from adults.

Parents can best support this by talking to their children about the apps, sites and games they use (you don't need to know them – ask your child to explain it to you), with whom, for how long, and when (late at night / in bedrooms is not helpful for a good night's sleep and productive teaching and learning at school the next day).

Arbor and Class Dojo is the official electronic communication channel between parents and the school. Social media, including chat apps such as WhatsApp, are not appropriate for school use.(see Communications Policy)

Pupils/students are not allowed* to be 'friends' with or make a friend request** to any staff, governors, volunteers and contractors or otherwise communicate via social media.

Pupils/students are discouraged from 'following' staff, governor, volunteer or contractor public accounts (e.g. following a staff member with a public Instagram account) as laid out in the AUPs. However, we accept that this can be hard to control (but this highlights the need for staff to remain professional in their private lives). In the reverse situation, however, staff must not follow such public student accounts.

* Exceptions may be made e.g. for pre-existing family links, but these must be approved by the Headteacher

** Any attempt to do so may be a safeguarding concern or disciplinary matter and should be notified to the DSL (if by a child) or to the Headteacher (if by a staff member).

Staff are reminded that they are obliged not to bring the school or profession into disrepute and the easiest way to avoid this is to have the strictest privacy settings and avoid inappropriate sharing and oversharing online. They should never discuss the school or its stakeholders on social media and be

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careful that their personal opinions might not be attributed to the school, trust or local authority, bringing the school into disrepute.

The serious consequences of inappropriate behaviour on social media are underlined by the fact that there has been a significant number of Prohibition Orders issued by the Teacher Regulation Agency to teaching staff that involved misuse of social media/technology.

All members of the school community are reminded that particularly in the context of social media, it is important to comply with the Staff Code of Conduct and permission is sought before uploading photographs, videos or any other information about other people.

The statements of the Acceptable Use Policies (AUPs) which all members of the school community have signed are also relevant to social media activity, as is the school's GDPR Protection Policy.

Device usage

AUPs remind those with access to school devices about rules on the misuse of school technology – devices used at home should be used just like if they were in full view of a teacher or colleague. Please read the following in conjunction with those AUPs and the sections of this document which impact upon device usage, e.g. copyright, data protection, social media, misuse of technology, and digital images and video.

Personal devices including wearable technology

- **Pupils/students** are only allowed to bring text and talk only mobile phones if they are independent travellers (these are to be handed in to the class teacher during the school day). Any attempt to use a phone during the school day without permission will lead to the Behaviour Policy being applied. Devices found on a pupil will be confiscated and held in the school office until a parent or carer is able to come and collect it (exceptions may be made if it is needed for travel home with the advice of a member of SLT). Important messages and phone calls to or from parents can be made at the school office, which will also pass on messages from parents to pupils in emergencies.
- **All staff who work directly with children** should leave their mobile phones on silent and only use them in private staff areas during school hours. Child/staff data should never be downloaded onto a private phone. If a staff member is expecting an important personal call when teaching (e.g. call from the doctor) or otherwise on duty, they may ask the Head Teacher's permission to keep the phone on them that day. They are encouraged to explain the situation to pupils if applicable.
- **Volunteers, contractors, governors** should leave their phones in their pockets and turned off. Under no circumstances should they be used in the presence of children or to take photographs or videos. If this is required (e.g. for contractors to take photos of equipment or buildings), permission of the headteacher should be sought (the headteacher may choose to delegate this

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to the Site Manager and Business Manager) and this should be done in the presence of a member staff.

- **Parents** should ask permission before taking any photos, e.g. of displays in corridors or classrooms, and avoid capturing other children. When at school events, for example a school assembly, parents may take photos but are always reminded not to post these on social media. Parents are asked not to call pupils on their mobile phones during the school day; urgent messages can be passed via the school office.

Use of school devices

Staff and pupils are expected to follow the terms of the school acceptable use policies for appropriate use and behaviour when on school devices, whether on site or at home.

School devices are not to be used in any way which contravenes AUPs, behaviour policy / staff code of conduct.

Wi-fi is accessible to Brookland School Staff and some lettings. School-related internet use / limited personal use within the framework of the acceptable use policy. All such use is monitored.

School devices for staff or students are restricted to the apps/software installed by the school, whether for use at home or school, and may be used for learning.

All and any usage of devices and/or systems and platforms may be tracked.

Trips / events away from school

For school trips/events away from school, teachers will be issued a school duty phone and this number used for any authorised or emergency communications with pupils/students and parents. The Head Teacher will allow Brookland trained staff to use their own phones to communicate with each other on a trip as this is likely to more efficient communication. Own devices are not allowed to be used to take photos. Teachers using their personal phone will ensure that the number is hidden to avoid a parent or student accessing a teacher's private phone number.

Searching and confiscation

In line with the DfE guidance '[Searching, screening and confiscation: advice for schools](#)', the Headteacher and staff authorised by them have a statutory power to search pupils/property on school premises. This includes the content of mobile phones and other devices, for example as a result of a reasonable suspicion that a device contains illegal or undesirable material, including but not exclusive to sexual images, pornography, violence or bullying.

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Appendix – Roles

Please read the relevant roles & responsibilities section from the following pages.

All school staff must read the “All Staff” section as well as any other relevant to specialist roles

Roles:

- All Staff
- Headteacher
- Designated Safeguarding Lead
- Governing Body, led Safeguarding Link Governor
- PSHE Lead
- Computing Lead
- Subject leaders
- Technician
- Data Protection Officer
- Volunteers and contractors (including tutors)
- Pupils
- Parents/carers
- External groups including parent associations

All staff

All staff should sign and follow the staff acceptable use policy in conjunction with this policy, the school’s main safeguarding policy, the code of conduct and relevant parts of Keeping Children Safe in Education to support a whole-school safeguarding approach.

This includes reporting any concerns, no matter how small, to the designated safety lead as named in the AUP, maintaining an awareness of current online safety issues (see the start of this document for issues in 2024) and guidance (such as KCSIE), modelling safe, responsible and professional behaviours in their own use of technology at school and beyond and avoiding scaring, victim-blaming language.

Staff should also be aware of the DfE standards for filtering and monitoring and play their part in feeding back to the DSL about overblocking, gaps in provision or pupils bypassing protections. All staff are also responsible for the physical monitoring of pupils’ online devices during any session/class they are working within.

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Headteacher (Jenny Ayles)

Key responsibilities:

- Foster a culture of safeguarding where online-safety is fully integrated into whole-school safeguarding
- Oversee and support the activities of the designated safeguarding lead team and ensure they work technical colleagues to complete an online safety audit (Safeguarding audit)
- Undertake training in offline and online safeguarding, in accordance with statutory guidance and Local Safeguarding Children Partnership support and guidance
- Ensure ALL staff undergo safeguarding training (including online-safety) at induction and with regular updates and that they agree and adhere to policies and procedures
- Ensure ALL governors and trustees undergo safeguarding and child protection training and updates (including online-safety) to provide strategic challenge and oversight into policy and practice and that governors are regularly updated on the nature and effectiveness of the school's arrangements
- Ensure the school implements and makes effective use of appropriate ICT systems and services including school-safe filtering and monitoring, protected email systems and that all technology including remote systems are implemented according to child-safety first principles
- Better understand, review and drive the rationale behind decisions in filtering and monitoring as per the new DfE standards—through regular liaison with technical colleagues and the DSL— in particular understand what is blocked or allowed for whom, when, and how as per KCSIE.
- Liaise with the designated safeguarding lead on all online-safety issues which might arise and receive regular updates on school issues and broader policy and practice information
- Support safeguarding leads and technical staff as they review protections for pupils in the home and remote-learning procedures, rules and safeguards
- Take overall responsibility for data management and information security ensuring the school's provision follows best practice in information handling; work with the DPO, DSL and governors to ensure a compliant framework for storing data, but helping to ensure that child protection is always put first and data-protection processes support careful and legal sharing of information
- Understand and make all staff aware of procedures to be followed in the event of a serious online safeguarding incident
- Ensure suitable risk assessments are undertaken so the curriculum meets needs of pupils, including risk of children being radicalised
- Ensure the school website meets statutory requirements

Designated Safeguarding Lead / Online Safety Lead – (Jenny Ayles/Riaz Khan)

Key responsibilities (remember the DSL can delegate certain online-safety duties but not the overall responsibility; this assertion and all quotes below are from Keeping Children Safe in Education):

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- The DSL should “take **lead responsibility** for safeguarding and child protection (**including online safety and understanding the filtering and monitoring** systems and processes in place).
- Ensure “An effective whole school approach to online safety as per KCSIE
- Ensure the school is complying with the DfE’s standards on Filtering and Monitoring.
- As part of this, DSLs will work with technical teams to carry out reviews and checks on filtering and monitoring, to compile the relevant documentation and ensure that safeguarding and technology work together. This will include a decision on relevant YouTube mode and preferred search engine/s etc.
- Where online-safety duties are delegated and in areas of the curriculum where the DSL is not directly responsible but which cover areas of online safety (e.g. RSHE), ensure there is regular review and open communication and that the DSL’s clear overarching responsibility for online safety is not compromised or messaging to pupils confused
- Ensure ALL staff and supply staff undergo safeguarding and child protection training (including online-safety) at induction and that this is regularly updated.
 - This must include filtering and monitoring and help them to understand their roles.
 - all staff must read KCSIE Part 1 and all those working with children also Annex B – translations are available in 13 community languages at kcsietranslate.lgfl.net (B the condensed Annex A can be provided instead to staff who do not directly work with children if this is better)
 - cascade knowledge of risks and opportunities throughout the organisation
- Ensure that ALL governors and trustees undergo safeguarding and child protection training (including online-safety) at induction to enable them to provide strategic challenge and oversight into policy and practice and that this is regularly updated
- Take day-to-day responsibility for safeguarding issues and be aware of the potential for serious child protection concerns
- Be mindful of using appropriate language and terminology around children when managing concerns, including avoiding victim-blaming language
- Remind staff of safeguarding considerations as part of a review of remote learning procedures and technology, including that the same principles of online-safety and behaviour apply
- Work closely with SLT, staff and technical colleagues to complete an online safety audit (including technology in use in the school) through our annual safeguarding audit
- Work with the headteacher, school technician and governors to ensure a compliant framework for storing data, but helping to ensure that child protection is always put first and data-protection processes support careful and legal sharing of information
- Stay up to date with the latest trends in online safeguarding
- Review and update this policy, other online safety documents (e.g. Acceptable Use Policies) and the strategy on which they are based (in harmony with policies for behaviour, safeguarding, Prevent and others) and submit for review to the governors/trustees.
- Ensure that online-safety education is embedded across the curriculum in line with the statutory RSHE guidance

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- Promote an awareness of and commitment to online-safety throughout the school community, with a strong focus on parents, including hard-to-reach parents (focus weeks , newsletter and Parental Online Safety meetings)
- Communicate regularly with SLT and the safeguarding governor/committee to discuss current issues (anonymised), review incident logs and filtering/change control logs and discuss how filtering and monitoring work and have been functioning/helping.
- Ensure all staff are aware of the procedures that need to be followed in the event of an online safety incident, and that these are logged in the same way as any other safeguarding incident.
- Ensure adequate provision for staff to flag issues when not in school and for pupils to disclose issues when off site, especially when in isolation/quarantine
- Ensure staff adopt a zero-tolerance, whole school approach to all forms of child-on-child abuse, and don't dismiss it as banter (including bullying).
- Pay particular attention to **online tutors**, both those engaged by the school as part of the DfE scheme who can be asked to sign the contractor AUP

Governing Body, led by Online Safety / Safeguarding Link Governor – Laura Pincus

Key responsibilities (quotes are taken from Keeping Children Safe in Education)

- Approve this policy and strategy and subsequently review its effectiveness
- Undergo (and signpost all other governors and Trustees to attend) safeguarding and child protection training (including online safety) at induction to provide strategic challenge and into policy and practice, ensuring this is regularly updated
- Ensure that all staff also receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection (including online) training at induction and that this is updated
- Appoint a filtering and monitoring governor to work closely with the DSL on the new filtering and monitoring standards
- Support the school in encouraging parents and the wider community to become engaged in online safety activities
- Have regular strategic reviews with the online-safety coordinator / DSL and incorporate online safety into standing discussions of safeguarding at governor meetings
- Work with the School Business Manager, Technician, DSL and headteacher to ensure a compliant framework for storing data, but helping to ensure that child protection is always put first and data-protection processes support careful and legal sharing of information
- Check all school staff have read Part 1 of KCSIE; SLT and all working directly with children have read Annex B
- Ensure that all staff undergo safeguarding and child protection training (including online safety and now also reminders about filtering and monitoring
- “Ensure that children are taught about safeguarding, including online safety as part of providing a broad and balanced curriculum
-

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PSHE / RSHE Lead/s – Cara Christie

Key responsibilities:

- As listed in the 'all staff' section, plus:
- Embed consent, mental wellbeing, healthy relationships and staying safe online as well as raising awareness of the risks and challenges from recent trends in self-generative artificial intelligence, financial extortion and sharing intimate pictures online into the PSHE / Relationships education, relationships and sex education (RSE) and health education curriculum. "This will include being taught what positive, healthy and respectful online relationships look like, the effects of their online actions on others and knowing how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online. Throughout these subjects, teachers will address online safety and appropriate behaviour in an age appropriate way that is relevant to their pupils' lives."
- Focus on the underpinning knowledge and behaviours outlined in [Teaching Online Safety in Schools](#) in an age appropriate way to help pupils to navigate the online world safely and confidently regardless of their device, platform or app.
- Work closely with the DSL/OSL and all other staff to ensure an understanding of the issues, approaches and messaging within PSHE / RSHE.
- Work closely with the Computing subject leader to avoid overlap but ensure a complementary whole-school approach, and with all other lead staff to embed the same whole-school approach

Computing Lead – Riaz Khan

Key responsibilities:

- As listed in the 'all staff' section, plus:
- Oversee the delivery of the online safety element of the Computing curriculum in accordance with the national curriculum
- Work closely with the RSHE lead to avoid overlap but ensure a complementary whole-school approach
- Work closely with the DSL and all other staff to ensure an understanding of the issues, approaches and messaging within Computing
- Collaborate with technical staff and others responsible for ICT use in school to ensure a common and consistent approach, in line with acceptable-use agreements
- Meet with online safety link governor and keep them informed of issues and updates

Subject / aspect leaders

Key responsibilities:

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- As listed in the 'all staff' section, plus:
- Look for opportunities to embed online safety in your subject or aspect, especially as part of the RSHE curriculum, and model positive attitudes and approaches to staff and pupils alike
- Consider how the UKCIS framework Education for a Connected World and Teaching Online Safety in Schools can be applied in your context
- Work closely with the DSL/OSL and all other staff to ensure an understanding of the issues, approaches and messaging within Computing
- Ensure subject specific action plans also have an online-safety element

Network Manager/other technical support roles – Kiran Yadav and Andy Badger (Inspire)

Key responsibilities:

- As listed in the 'all staff' section, plus:
- Collaborate regularly with the DSL and leadership team to help them make key strategic decisions around the safeguarding elements of technology.
- Note that KCSIE changes expect a great understanding of technology and its role in safeguarding when it comes to filtering and monitoring and in 2023/4 you will be required to support safeguarding teams to understand and manage these systems and carry out regular reviews and annual checks.
- Support DSLs and SLT to carry out an annual online safety audit as now recommended in KCSIE. This should also include a review of technology, including filtering and monitoring systems (what is allowed, blocked and why and how 'over blocking' is avoided as per KCSIE) to support their role as per the new DfE standards,
- Keep up to date with the school's online safety policy and technical information in order to effectively carry out their online safety role and to inform and update others as relevant
- Work closely with the designated safeguarding lead / online safety lead / data protection officer / LGfL nominated contact / RSHE lead to ensure that school systems and networks reflect school policy and there are no conflicts between educational messages and practice.
- Ensure the above stakeholders understand the consequences of existing services and of any changes to these systems (especially in terms of access to personal and sensitive records / data and to systems such as YouTube mode, web filtering settings, sharing permissions for files on cloud platforms etc
- Maintain up-to-date documentation of the school's online security and technical procedures
- To report online-safety related issues that come to their attention in line with school policy
- Manage the school's systems, networks and devices, according to a strict password policy, with systems in place for detection of misuse and malicious attack, with adequate protection, encryption and backup for data, including disaster recovery plans, and auditable access controls.

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- Ensure the GDRpolicy and cybersecurity policy are up to date, easy to follow and practicable [Sophos Anti-Virus, Sophos Anti-Phish, Sophos InterceptX, Sophos Server Advance, Malware Bytes, Egress, Meraki Mobile Device Management and CloudReady/NeverWare are solutions available and used by the school
- Monitor the use of school technology, online platforms and social media presence and that any misuse/attempted misuse is identified and reported in line with school policy
- Work with the Headteacher to ensure the school website meets statutory DfE requirements

Data Protection Officer (DPO) – Judicium/ Maria Pitsillides/ Jenny Aylen

Key responsibilities:

The school uses Judicium Education as their professional DPO. They can be contacted by phone 0345 548 7000 or via their website. <https://www.judiciumeducation.co.uk/contact-us>

- Alongside those of other staff, provide data protection expertise and training and support the DP and cybersecurity policy and compliance with those and legislation and ensure that the policies conform with each other and with this policy.
- Not prevent, or limit, the sharing of information for the purposes of keeping children safe. As outlined in *Data protection in schools, 2023*, “It’s not usually necessary to ask for consent to share personal information for the purposes of safeguarding a child.” And in KCSIE 2025, “The Data Protection Act 2018 and UK GDPR do not prevent the sharing of information for the purposes of keeping children safe. Fears about sharing information must not be allowed to stand in the way of the need to safeguard and promote the welfare and protect the safety of children.”
- Note that retention schedules for safeguarding records may be required to be set as ‘Very long term need (until pupil is aged 25 or older)’. However, some local authorities require record retention until 25 for all pupil records. An example of an LA safeguarding record retention policy can be read at safepolicies.lgfl.net, but you should check the rules in your area.
- Ensure that all access to safeguarding data is limited as appropriate, and also monitored and audited

Volunteers and contractors (including tutors)

Key responsibilities:

- Read, understand, sign and adhere to an acceptable use policy (AUP)
- Report any concerns, no matter how small, to the designated safety lead
- Maintain an awareness of current online safety issues and guidance

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- Model safe, responsible and professional behaviours in their own use of technology at school and as part of remote teaching or any online communications
- Note that as per AUP agreement a contractor will never attempt to arrange any meeting, **including tutoring session**, without the full prior knowledge and approval of the school, and will never do so directly with a pupil. The same applies to any private/direct communication with a pupil.

Pupils

Key responsibilities:

Read, understand, sign and adhere to the student/pupil acceptable use policy

Parents/carers

Key responsibilities:

- Read, sign and adhere to the school's Home School Agreement read the pupil AUP and encourage their children to follow it

External groups including parent associations

Key responsibilities:

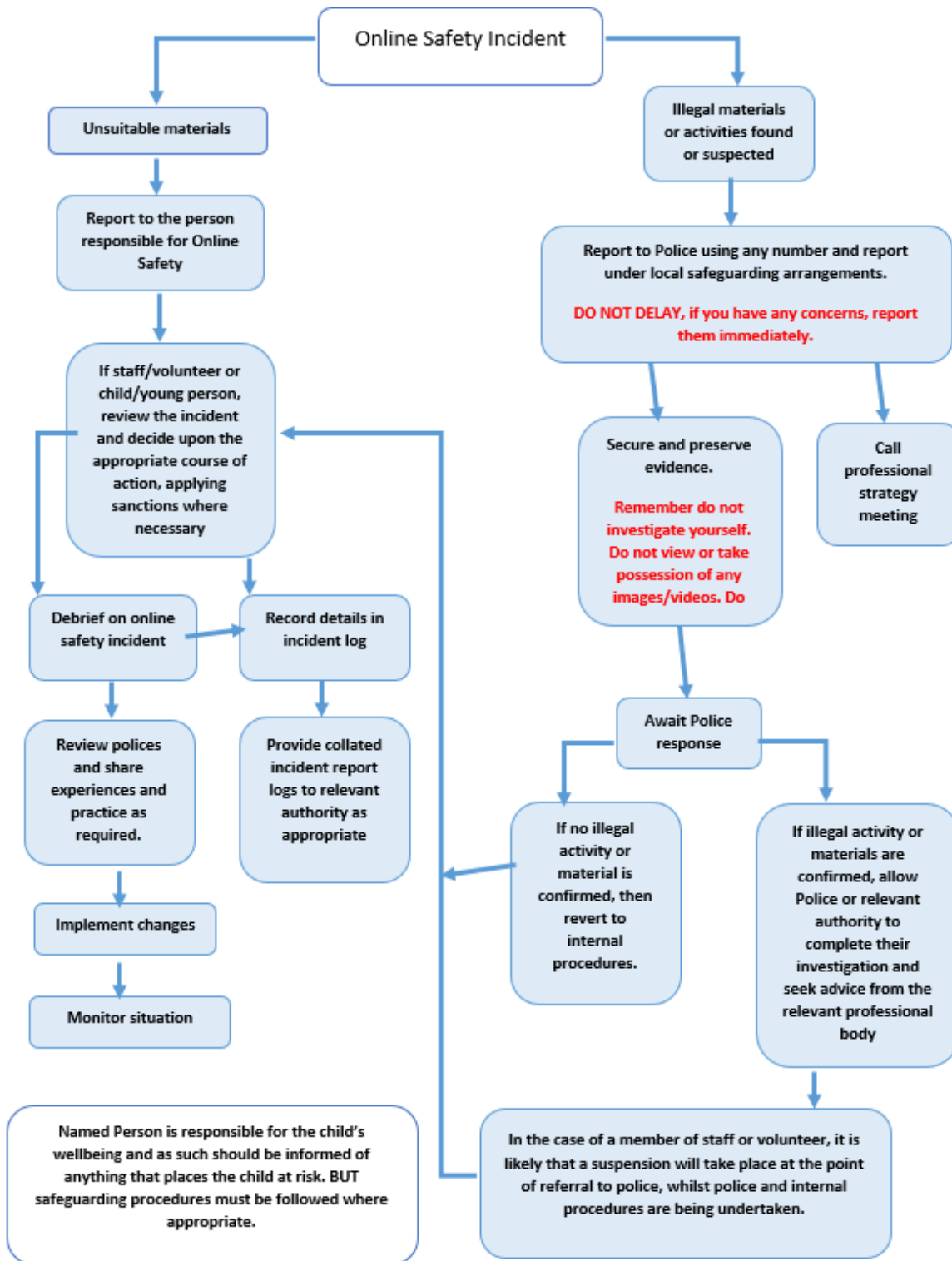
- Support the school in promoting online safety and data protection
- Model safe, responsible, respectful and positive behaviours in their own use of technology, including on social media: not sharing other's images or details without permission and refraining from posting negative, threatening or violent comments about others, including the school staff, volunteers, governors, contractors, pupils or other parents/carers

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Appendix 1: Online Safety Incident Flowchart

The flowchart below is to staff to support the decision-making process for dealing with online safety incidents.



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Appendix 2: Guidance to support school actions in response to online incidents

It is more likely that the school will need to deal with incidents that involve inappropriate rather than illegal misuse. It is important that any incidents are dealt with as soon as possible in a proportionate manner, and that members of the school community are aware that incidents have been dealt with. It is intended that incidents of misuse will be dealt with through normal behaviour/disciplinary procedures as follows.

Responding to Learner Actions

Incidents	Refer to class teacher/tutor	Refer to Head of Department / Principal Teacher / Deputy Head	Refer to Headteacher	Refer to Police/Social Work	Refer to local authority technical support for advice/action	Inform parents/carers	Remove device/network/internet access rights	Issue a warning	Further sanction, in line with behaviour policy
Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal (see list in earlier section on User Actions on unsuitable/inappropriate activities).		X	X	X		X	X		X
Attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another user's account (staff or learner) or allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users.	X	X	X				X	X	X
Sending an e-mail, text or message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature	X	X	X			X		X	X
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files or use of file sharing.	X	X	X					X	
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's filtering system.	X	X	X			X	X		X
Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident.	X	X	X			X			

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Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material.	X	X	X			X	X		X
Receipt or transmission of material that infringes the copyright of another person or infringes the Data Protection Act.			X	X					
Unauthorised use of digital devices (including taking images)	X	X	X			X	X		X
Unauthorised use of online services	X	X	X			X			
Actions which could bring the school into disrepute or breach the integrity or the ethos of the school.	X	X	X	X		X	X		X
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions.	X		X			X			X

Responding to staff actions

Incidents	Refer to line manager	Refer to Headteacher/ Principal	Refer to local authority/MAT/HR	Refer to Police	Refer to LA / Technical Support Staff for action re filtering, etc.	Issue a warning	Suspension	Disciplinary action
Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal		X	X	X				
Deliberate actions to breach data protection or network security rules.		X			X	X	X	X
Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material		X	X		X			
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users or causing deliberate damage to hardware or software		X	X		X			
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's filtering system.	X	X			X			
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files or file sharing	X	X			X			
Breaching copyright or licensing regulations.	X	X						

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Allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords or attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another person's account.	X	X						
Sending an e-mail, text or message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature	X	X						
Using personal e-mail/social networking/messaging to carry out digital communications with learners and parents/carers	X	X						
Inappropriate personal use of the digital technologies e.g. social media / personal e-mail	X	X						
Careless use of personal data, e.g. displaying, holding or transferring data in an insecure manner	X	X	X					
Actions which could compromise the staff member's professional standing	X	X						
Actions which could bring the school into disrepute or breach the integrity or the ethos of the school.	X	X						
Failing to report incidents whether caused by deliberate or accidental actions	X	X						
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions.	X	X	X		X			

Appendix 3: Cyber Security Risk Assessment

The document available in the link below is designed to help schools complete such an assessment cyber risk assessment annually.

It is vital that a cyber risk assessment is neither treated as a tick box exercise, nor viewed as a static report: it should be a living document that reflects the fluid realities of cyber security changes, evolving threats and changes in technology.

Cyber risk assessments should be carried out by the SLT digital lead, in recognition that "The senior leadership team (SLT) digital lead will be accountable for, and prioritise and coordinate activity relating to this standard. IT support (who may be an internal support person or external provider) will action this standard."

Here is the link for the Cyber Security Risk Assessment (available to LGFL staff) which will be reviewed annually.

<https://lgfl.net/services/security/elevate>